Safe and Sustainable-by-Design and Horizon Europe

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APRE annual conference 2023
16 November 2023

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The JRC: Science for policy

Joint Research Centre: Our mission

As the science and knowledge service of the European Commission our mission is to support EU policies with independent evidence throughout the whole policy cycle.

Independent of private, commercial or national interests Works for more than 40 European Commission's policy departments

Today's focus: Safe and Sustainable by Design and Horizon Europe



HQ in Bruxelles, scientific sites in 5 Member States:

- Belgium (Geel)
- Germany (Karlsruhe)
- Italy (Ispra)
- The Netherlands (Petten)
- Spain (Sevilla)



Policy context

The EU Green Deal



Climate neutrality

Circular economy

Chemicals Strategy for Sustainability (CSS)

- boost innovation for safe and sustainable chemicals
- phase out the most harmful (not only SVHCs) substances and
- substitute, as far as possible, all other substances of concern, and otherwise minimise and track them.



New approaches to tackle releases and emissions across all life cycle stages, and move towards zero-pollution for air, water, soil and biota.

CSS Action Plan

Develop safe and sustainable-bydesign (SSbD) criteria for chemicals



Methodological integration: Safety and Sustainability





Milestones on the SSbD framework



2023

Safe and Sustainable by Design chemicals and materials

Application of the SSGD framework from State 1, and 1, and

 Caldeira et al. (2022). Safe and Sustainable by Design chemicals and materials Review of safety and sustainability dimensions, aspects, methods, indicators, and tools. https://doi.org/10.2760/879069

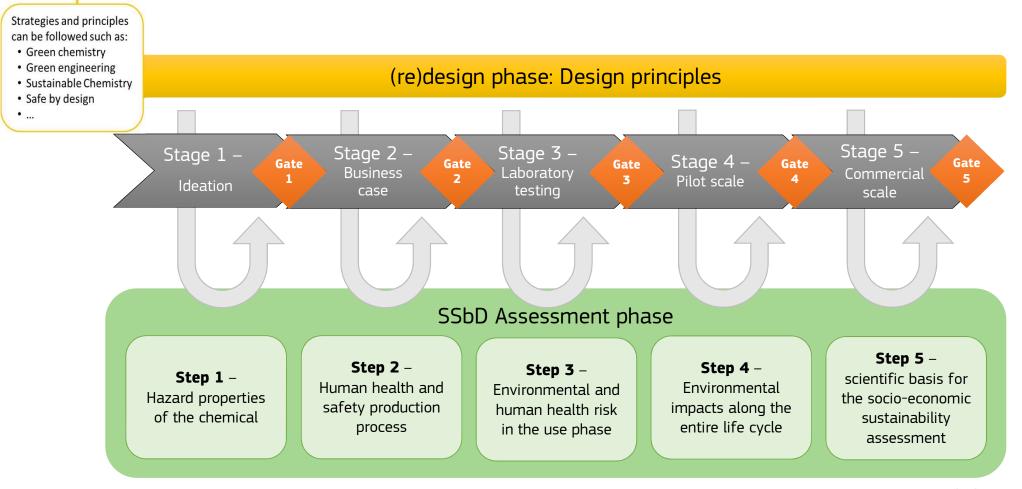
• Caldeira, et al. (2022). Safe and Sustainable chemicals by design chemicals and materials - Framework for the definition of criteria and evaluation procedure for chemicals and materials. https://doi.org/10.2760/487955

- Caldeira et al. (2023). Safe and Sustainable by Design chemicals and materials Application of the SSbD framework to case studies. https://doi.org/10.2760/329423
- European Commission. (2022). Commission recommendation of 8.12.2022 establishing a European assessment framework for 'safe and sustainable by design' chemicals and materials. Brussels, 8.12.2022 C(2022) 8854 final https://eur-lex.europa.eu/eli/reco/2022/2510/oj

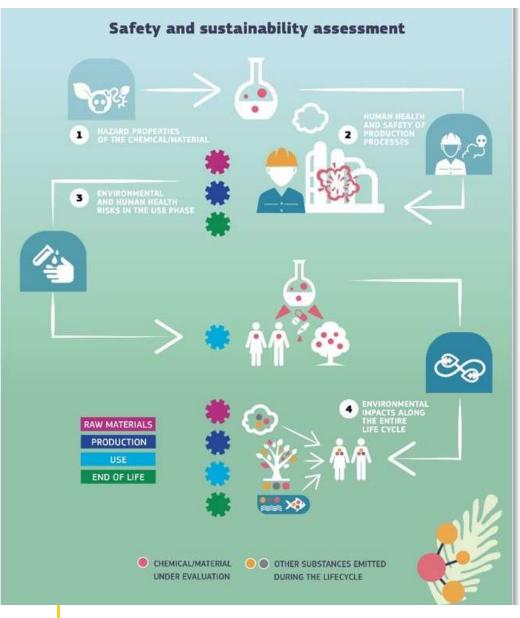
Application of the framework to case study



Structure of the framework: a stepwise approach







SSbD framework:

The assessment

- The safety and sustainability assessment includes four steps:
 - Step 1 Hazard assessment of the chemical/material
 - Step 2 Human health and safety aspects in the chemical/material production and processing phase
 - Step 3 Human health and environmental aspects in the final application phase
 - Step 4 Environmental sustainability assessment

For each step the framework refers to:

Aspects and indicators

Methodology and tools

Proposal for the definition of criteria

Evaluation procedure

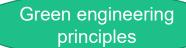
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(Re)Design phase: Design principles

Green chemistry principles



Sustainable chemistry

Circularity principles



	SSBD principles
SSBD1	Material efficiency
SSBD2	Minimise the use of hazardous chemical/materials
SSBD3	Design for energy efficiency
SSBD4	Use renewable sources
SSBD5	Prevent and avoid hazardous emissions
SSBD6	Reduce exposure to hazardous substances
SSBD7	Design for end-of-life
SSBD8	Consider the whole life-cycle



Step 1 - Hazard assessment of the chemical/material

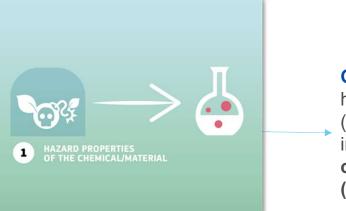
Intrinsic properties of the chemical or material



Human health

Environment

Physical



Group A: The most harmful substances (according to the CSS), including substances of very high concern (SVHC)

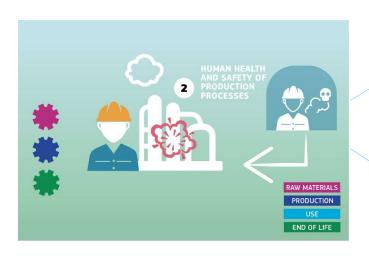
Group B: Substances of concern, as described in the CSS and defined in the ecodesign proposal for sustainable products (but not included in Group A)

Group C: includes the other hazard classes not in Groups A or B

Tiered approach is proposed in order to characterize hazards as **early as possible at the innovation stage**



Step 2 - Human health and safety aspects of the chemical/material in the **production and processing** phase

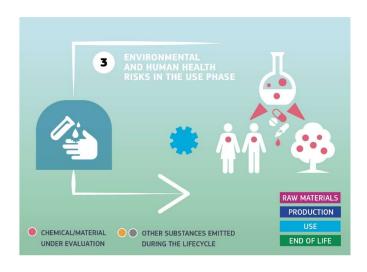


Occupational health and safety during the production and processing of the chemical or material

- For the assessment the hazards and workers exposure are considered.:
 - Physical properties of the chemical or material
 - Hazards of chemicals used in the process
 - Amount of the chemical or material used
 - Frequency and duration of exposure
 - Operational conditions
 - Risk management measures



Step 3 - Human health and environmental aspects in the **final application** phase



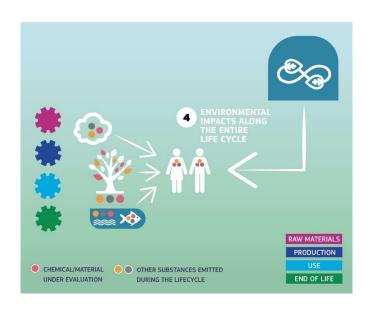
Risks of the final application of the material or chemical

Use-specific exposure to the chemical or material and the associated risks to the human health and the environment

- Hazards of chemical or material
- Physical-chemical properties
- Concentration of the chemical or material in the application
- Use conditions
- Frequency and duration of use



Step 4 - Environmental sustainability assessment



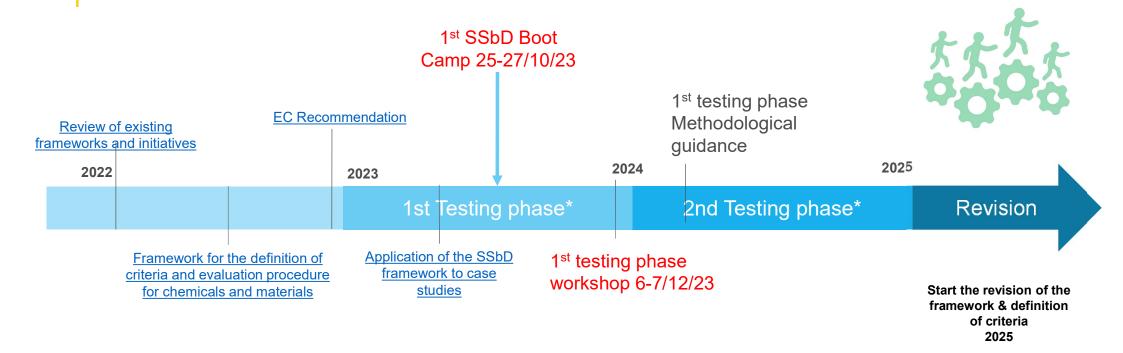
Environmental sustainability impacts along the entire chemical/material life cycle, by means of an LCA,

The environmental footprint impact assessment method (PEF) is recommended to be used that consists of a minimum set of impacts to assess

- Toxicity: human toxicity and ecotoxicity
- Climate change
- Pollution: ozone depletion, particulate matter/respiratory inorganics, ionising radiation, photochemical ozone formation, acidification, eutrophication
- Resources: land use, water use, other resources use (minerals and metals, energy carriers)



SSbD Chronological overview



*For more information: Safe and sustainable by design (europa.eu)

European

Commission

^{*}https://research-and-innovation.ec.europa.eu/research-area/industrial-research-and-innovation/key-enabling-technologies/chemicals-and-advanced-materials/safe-and-sustainable-design_en

Thank you



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